Making Scouting Easier & A Recap of Sessions 1-3

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Things to consider

Be organized and systematic.

- o Pick a day and time and stick with it
- Enter data immediately (don't procrastinate)

Use scouting tools that are comfortable.

Divide the greenhouse into subunits, different crops and make maps.

Integrate approaches: Combine sticky cards with a targeted plant inspection approach (focus on hot spots/areas and plants pest and/or disease infestations are common) along with randomly selected plants.

Understand how crops develop.

Avoid inspecting freshly watered plants (if over-head watered).

Think crop by crop and use 'sentinel' plants.



Indicator/Sentinel & Trap Plants

Concept: Some plants are more attractive to pests than others.

Indicator/sentinel plants: Detect pests or diseases early (i.e., petunia for INSV/TSWV) or those marked as infested for future inspections.

Trap plants: Draws pest out of the crop, but also a targeted site to make spot treatments. i.e., yellow marigolds, mums (thrips); beans (spider mites).



Think Crop by Crop (List Examples)

Mums

White rust
Brown rust
Bacterial leaf spot (Pseudomonas)
Fusarium wilt
Aphids
Thrips
Spider mites (later in season)

Calibrachoa

Chlorosis from too high a pH Black root rot Aphids Thrips





Geranium

Whiteflies (Regal geraniums)
Thrips & Spider mite (Ivy
Geraniums)

Rust
Botrytis
Bacterial blight & Ralstonia
Pythium toot rot

New Guinea Impatiens INSV/TSWV viruses

Broad mites
Thrips



Thrips Feeding



Oedema



Spider Mite Feeding

Think of Abiotic Explanations!

e.g., what if you see small blisters on the undersurface of ivy geranium leaves?



Arthropod Pest Issues that Show Up in Greenhouses (in order of appearance)

- **Fungus Gnats & Shore Flies**
- Thrips
- O Broad Mites
- o Aphids
- Spider Mites
- Whiteflies
- Mealybugs & Scale

(A recap of those in yellow)





Broad Mites

Host list:

- New Guinea Impatiens
- o Bacopa
- o Nemesia
- o Angelonia
- o Torenia
- o Regal geraniums
- o Tuberous begonias, non-stops
- o Others







Aphids

Common Hosts:

- o Weeds!!
- o Pansies
- Fuchsias
- Daylilies (if overwintered)
- Calibrachoas
- o Peppers
- o Eggplants
- o Ipomoea
- Vinca vine
- o Salvias
- o Portulacas
- Geranium (foxglove)

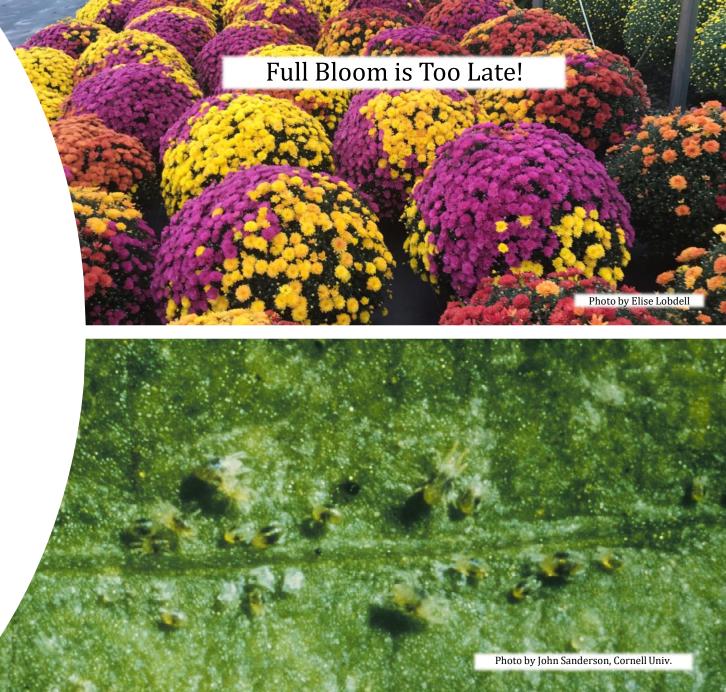


Spider Mites

Host list:

- Ivy geraniums (sometimes zonals)
- Dahlias
- English Ivies
- Mandevillas
- Dipladenias
- Hibiscus (often from FL)
- New Guinea impatiens

- Roses and mini-roses
- o Lamium
- o Sweet potato vine
- o Thunbergia
- o Spikes
- Gerberas
- Salvias
- o Hops
- o Many, many others









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